

New York, Aug. 5.—Silver, 59 1/8c; Mexican dollars, 45 1/2c. Copper, quiet and unchanged.

BISBEE DAILY REVIEW

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Washington, Aug. 5.—Forecast for Arizona: Fair Sunday, except thunder storms in north portion. Monday fair.

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ENVOYS MEET CORDIALLY

President's Toast at Luncheon a Plea for Peace Russians in Manchuria Receive Plea from Japs for Truce Pending Conference Results

New York, August 5.—Baron Kuruma and Minister Takahira, the two Japanese peace envoys, together with their suites, embarked this morning for Oyster Bay at an early hour, for their official presentation to President Roosevelt and their introduction by him to Sergius Witte and Baron Rosen, the Russian peace envoys.

M. Witte and Baron Rosen proceeded to Oyster Bay on the United States cruiser Chattanooga, while the Japanese envoys went on the United States cruiser Tacoma.

The introduction.
Oyster Bay, Aug. 5.—The representatives of Japan and Russia, who have come to this country to enter into a conference, looking to the negotiations of a peace treaty, were formally introduced to each other today by President Roosevelt, on board the Mayflower.

When both vice commanders had been received and formally presented to each other they were entertained at luncheon on the Mayflower.

Oyster Bay, Aug. 5.—History was made today in Oyster Bay. Russians and Japanese clasped hands and greeted one another with all outward evidences of cordiality, and for the first time since the nations began to have relations with one another, an executive of a great power received the envoys of two belligerent countries on a mission of peace.

President Roosevelt, on behalf of the United States and its people, extended formal greetings to representatives of Russia and Japan, introduced the plenipotentiaries to one another and entertained them at an elaborate luncheon at which the Russians and Japanese fraternized with one another as comrades rather than enemies.

During luncheon President Roosevelt proposed a notable toast, in which he expressed the "earnest hope and prayer, in interest, not only of these two great powers, but of all civilized mankind, that a just and lasting peace may speedily be concluded between them."

St. Petersburg, Aug. 5.—The tone of the press today is more hopeful of peace than it was yesterday. M. Witte's welcome, coupled with other reports from the U. S. tend to remove some of the Russian ill feeling arising from the belief prevailing here that American sympathies are with Japan.

There is noticeably more or less talk of possible Russo-Japanese alliance as the outcome of peace negotiations. The question of indemnity and control of the Island of Sakhalin are still considered to be stumbling blocks in the way of an understanding, though argument is hopefully reiterated in certain peace quarters that President Roosevelt would not have risked his prestige by a second tender of good offices without having learned the minimum expense demands and maximum Russian concessions, and without pretty clearly seeing his way by his personal influence to putting aside of whatever differences may bar the way to bringing about peace.

Godzayadani, Manchuria, Aug. 5.—Almost tropical rains are falling in Manchuria and the hilly regions are impassable for trains or artillery. Every mountain path is a torrent and every valley a quagmire. Important operations apparently will be impossible for a long time to come.

Alternation of rains and fervid sunshine has a depressing effect on the health of the army.

Japs Urge Truce.
Sialitze, Manchuria, Aug. 5.—The Japanese are throwing proclamations into the Russian lines urging the Russians, on account of the impending peace, not to undertake reconnaissance, which would only result in useless loss of life.

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CHINESE MAKE DENIAL

Minister to Mexico was Misquoted in Bribery Charges

Washington, Aug. 5.—The department of commerce and labor, and the state department have jointly investigated the recently published interview with the Chinese ambassador to Mexico City to the effect that he had proof of the connivance of immigration officers on the Mexican border in the business of smuggling Chinese into this country, and he denies the correctness of the interview.

The official says that he was discussing the matter of ill treatment and delay to Chinese merchants, students and professional men on the border, and that he said he had the incontrovertible evidence to support his claim. During this interview, he says he was then asked for an expression on the smuggling business, and did say that he was convinced that Chinese could not cross the border in violation of the United States laws without the connivance of some officers of the immigration service, and that he was satisfied money was used in bribing some one, but as for facts, he had none.

The official in the original interview was also quoted as saying that Chinamen having a legal right to enter the United States were also ill treated, and abused on the Mexican border, but the department called his attention to the fact that there is no port of entry for Chinamen on this border, and that all who attempt to enter this way are doing so illegally.

The government took up the matter with the Chinese charge on the request of immigration officials on the Mexican border, who wished to be exonerated or to at least have the guilty ones pointed out if the official really had the evidence which he was quoted as saying he possessed.

THE FLIGHT OF EAGLES

Denver Preparing for Reception of Big Gathering

Denver, August 4.—A special meeting of several of the important committees of the Eagles will be held on Tuesday, August 8, at the lodge rooms in the Club building, to determine all matters in connection with the coming convention of the order, which is to take place this month.

The committees which will meet will be those of the grand lodge, and will be the grand aerie of the order, the committee on credentials, the judiciary committee, the board of trustees of the Eagle home, the grievance committee and the committee on the ritual.

The work which will come before the board of trustees will be of the greatest importance to the order. This committee will decide upon a city in which the national home for enfeebled Eagles is to be located. It will also come within the province of this board to suggest to the members of the national gathering ways and means of raising the fund for the erection of the home.

The credentials committee will name all of the accredited delegates to the convention, and will name these Eagles their credentials. This work is of very great importance, as there will be selected 25,000 delegates by the committee. It is expected that over 40,000 Eagles will come to the convention, but only a little over half this number will be delegates.

For some time past there has been a movement on foot to make changes in the ritual of the order. The matter will come before the committee on ritual. The committee will be ready to make a final report to the grand lodge when it meets on August 15, as to the advisability of making any change in the secret work of the order.

If any Eagle has a grievance let him now speak or forever hereafter hold his peace, say the officers. Troubles of every kind will be taken up by the grievance committee. They will act as the kind-hearted policemen, ready to listen to every woeful tale which may be told by Eagles collectively or Eagles singly.

TO MEET OLD VETERANS

PREPARATIONS ARE BEING MADE IN DENVER FOR G. A. R. NATIONAL ENCAMPMENT.

Denver, Colo., Aug. 5.—It is now just one month until the national encampment of the G. A. R. begins in this city.

Committees having the matter in charge are making arrangements to take care of the veterans and an enthusiastic welcome will be accorded to them.

GOVERNMENT GRAFTING

Expenditure of Appropriations Attracts Attention

MUCH PROBING AHEAD

Severe Criticism of Manner in Which Money Has Gone in Panama-Other Leaks

Washington, D. C., August 4.—Graft has turned up in the medical supply department at Manila, when it was discovered that the books of the department in the islands had been falsified to cover stealings, which have been going on for the past four years.

Chief Clerk William Reeves was suspected when the thefts were first learned of and he made a confession shortly after he was arrested. He was sentenced to serve eighteen months in the Bldad prison across the bay. Reeves has stolen surgical instruments and sold them for much less than their actual value.

Privates Strawser and Stone of the hospital service, who were on duty in the medical supply department, were arrested with Reeves. They confessed to having stolen property worth \$25,000 during the past four years. Both privates were given five years each in prison.

It is generally believed that the Department of Agriculture is simply unfortunate in having Richard Chatham get after it, and that if anything occurred to turn the searchlight on the others, that department would be found to be by no means the only sinner.

The outlook is that the first action will be taken when President Roosevelt asks for more money for the Panama canal, if he does. Before appropriating it Congress will ask, it is said, that a statement of the expenditure of the ten millions authorized by the original canal legislation be given. That sum was appropriated in a lump and placed at the President's disposal.

Many members of Congress, including some who personally visited the isthmus last year, are highly dissatisfied with the way the money was spent under the original Walker commission.

A revolt is under way against the plan of granting appropriations in a lump. This practice has grown astonishingly since the impetus given \$50,000,000 for war purposes, to be spent as the President saw fit. He was to make no accounting.

President McKinley parceled out the money among the department chiefs and the taste they got of uncontrolled expenditure left them little inclined to go back to the old way of letting Congress fetter them.

The result has been continual friction. Congress insists on regulating the expenditures and the department chiefs fight for the right of free expenditure. Some of them exhibit contempt for Congress, and declare that the men who are actually doing the work should not be harassed and hampered by a lot of politicians. In one such case General Chaffee, head of the Army, openly displayed his contempt for Congress in such a way as to produce a row. That was in the purchase of camp sites, where he and the Secretary of War stood out for the right to be unhampered by Congressional meddling.

The whole situation has grown intolerable to many influential Congressmen, and even without the current scandals there would probably have been some sort of demonstration against the departments. The scandals, however, supply the handiest weapon, which is an investigation and a demand for an accounting.

ALLEGED SLANDERER MEETS FRIGHTFUL DEATH.

New York, Aug. 5.—Robert Criswell, Town Topics man, who was sued by Congressman Rhinorick, of Kentucky, for libeling Miss Alice Roosevelt, was decapitated by a subway train at midnight.

Criswell printed a story to the effect that Rhinorick introduced bookmakers and other shady characters to Miss Roosevelt during her recent visit in Cincinnati.

GIRLS MAKE ESCAPE

Female Ward at Industrial School is Now Empty

Benson, Aug. 5.—The girls' ward at the Industrial School is empty. This fact is due to the escape some time between 12 and 3 o'clock yesterday morning of the two girls who were the sole female prisoners held at the school.

One of the girls was sent to the school from Bisbee and the other from Phoenix. They had been here several months. It is supposed that they made escape from the room they occupied by means of a sheet by which they lowered themselves from a window to the ground. Their departure was exceedingly hasty, as they took no clothing with them, leaving clad in their night gowns. This fact gives rise to the belief that there was some one on the outside waiting for them with clothing. The officers have been searching diligently, but have yet found no clue to the whereabouts of the escapes.

NEGROES LYNCHED.

Memphis, Aug. 5.—Advices from Hattiesburg, Miss., state that Ed Lewis and "Kid George" two negroes were lynched there tonight by a mob. The men were charged with being accessories to the murder of convict guard J. G. Smith today.

TO DUPLICATE GUNS.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Every gun in the navy is to have its duplicate, to guard against emergency or accident, if the will of the naval chief of ordnance is carried out.

POSTOFFICE APPOINTMENT.

Washington, Aug. 5.—Frank L. Dickinson has been appointed postmaster at Cottonwood, vice Ed V. Dickinson, removed.

MORGAN, SOCIETY MAN

Financier Turns Talents In a New Channel

London, Aug. 5.—J. P. Morgan, before leaving for America, blossomed out as a society man. This is an entirely new departure in the field of the financier's endeavors. He went out into society much more than is his usual habit, and developed quite a liking for dining out, though he still shrinks from the parties that inevitably follow and is always one of the first to leave. Of course, he was much run after and the hostesses who managed to secure him for an evening had a piece of resistance of which she was very proud.

During his visit he spent much of the time arranging fresh purchases. He must have spent \$500,000 on art treasures since he came here from America.

His son and daughter went to see him several times and he dined with them, but his most welcome visitors were always his little grand children, of whom he makes great favorites, while his sister, Mrs. Burns, was especially welcome, as she thoroughly appreciates the beauty and value of his acquisitions. He is quite satisfied with his picture by Shannon, and rather congratulates himself that he did not go to Sargent, who certainly would have been less sympathetic.

James H. Kirk and wife, of Canada, were in town yesterday bound west for a short trip.

GOVERNMENT AND NEW ORLEANS JOIN HANDS

New Orleans, La., August 5.—The announcement that President Roosevelt had acted with his usual promptness on the request sent to him by Governor Blanchard, to have the marine hospital service take charge of the yellow fever situation here, has created general satisfaction.

The opinion, generally, is the confidence outside of Louisiana was so completely lacking in the local health authorities that unless the interposition of the government was asked there could be no expectation of any relaxation of the severe quarantine until the coming of frost.

Total cases to date, 482.
Deaths at noon for today, four.
Total deaths, 93.

The yellow fever is gradually extending its grasp, but as this is the third day in which no new cases have been reported outside of Louisiana, the spread of the disease to adjoining states it is believed to be effectually checked.

In New Orleans the situation is admittedly serious, but by no means hopeless and the turning over of the fight to the federal government has inspired the local health authorities with renewed courage and determination.

Up to one o'clock today there had been eleven new cases and six deaths in the city.

New Orleans, Aug. 5.—Though there was increase today over yesterday in the number of fatalities, the fact that the whole yellow fever situation is to pass soon to the control of the federal government has had such an encouraging effect locally that it is felt on all sides there has been a distinct improvement over conditions during the past few days.

The city will continue to exercise its police authority in co-operation with the federal surgeons. Municipal authorities and citizens' committees are to carry on the campaign of cleaning up. The two health boards are to perform many of their functions in conjunction with the marine hospital service, and New Orleans expects to be called upon to furnish the funds to carry on the fight.

The federal officers made no attempt to conceal the fact that the situation is serious, but they say it is not without hope and that success is possible in spite of headway the fever has gained.

The trouble on Lake Bogue between Mississippi guards and Louisiana naval brigade is considered to have ended. So encouraging were the reports from the Governor Blanchard sent orders to Commander Sostek to withdraw part of his force.

OPERATORS DESERT

Alleged That Men of the Idaho Division Quit the Strike

LEADER SO ADVISES

Is Discharged from Union--Telegraphers Look to Hill for Aid--R.R. Sanguine

St. Paul, Minn., Aug. 5.—At the end of the fourth day of the telegraphers' strike on the Great Northern and Northern Pacific systems the officials of both railroads declare the strike is practically a closed incident.

According to information given out at the main offices, more than 80 per cent of the strikers on the Northern Pacific and 70 per cent on the Great Northern are now supplied with new agents and telegraphers. A number claimed to be sufficient to look after the traffic until the remaining places can be filled are declared to be at work.

Superintendent Beamer, at Spokane, today wired General Manager Horn of the Northern Pacific that Strike Chairman Haney, of the Idaho division, had given out a statement in which he declared the strike was already a failure, and advised the men on the division he represents, embracing more than 800 miles of line, to report for re-employment at once. The action is said to have had a significant effect on the applications for re-instatement coming in from the Idaho division. President Perham of the Telegraphers' Union, now in St. Paul, admitted the defection tonight, and said that he had discharged Haney from the Union.

The announcement that J. J. Hill would return to St. Paul about August 10, was welcomed by the telegraphers, who will ask him to intervene. It is believed by the union men that the cost of maintaining the strike and the prospects of loss from delay in week and train movements will result in Mr. Hill taking a hand in bringing about a settlement.

Both railroads are giving strikers to understand that their places will not be available to them after they are once filled.

LEAGUE BALL YESTERDAY.

Western.—St. Joe 3, Denver 4. Omaha 3, Pueblo 4. Des Moines 7, Sioux City 8.

Western.—St. Joe 3, Denver 4. Omaha 3, Washington 6, Chicago 5. Philadelphia 8 and 2, Detroit 0 and 3. Boston 7, Cleveland 5.

National.—Chicago 2, Boston 1. Pittsburgh 7, New York 5.

Jim Hay, of Canaan, passed through the city yesterday on his way to El Paso.

MARTYR TO HIS DUTY

Engineer Plunged With Engine to Death--Many Saved

New York, Aug. 5.—Engineer William Mcmoney rolled with his engine down a steep embankment at Bayonne, N. J., today into Newark bay, and was drowned. The engine plunged out of sight into the deep water.

A crowded excursion train on the Central railroad of New Jersey was left marooned and with passengers panicky-stricken on a trestle above the bay, were saved from this same fatal dive only by a broken coupling pin and the bravery of the lost engineer who went to his death while in the act of setting the emergency brake. The train was running over the bridge at moderate speed when the engine ran into an open switch and was derailed along with the tender and two baggage cars.

At this point the rails are laid on a steep embankment, which forms a bridge approach and the engine and tender toppled over the embankment. The coupling pin between the tender and the first car snapped, leaving the coaches, which fortunately stopped on the embankment. The fireman saved himself by jumping. No passengers were injured.

MURDERER ON THE TRAIN

LOUISIANA, MISSOURI, IS SCENE OF DRUNKEN MAN'S AW-FUL CRIME.

Louisiana, Mo., Aug. 5.—This morning, while the Chicago & Alton special train was crossing the Mississippi river bridge, Marion Werler, of Secor, Illinois, a passenger on the train was shot and instantly killed by an unknown man.

Afterwards the man emptied his revolver in the car, slightly wounding one woman in the arm.

A boiler-maker from Jacksonville finally went after the man and knocked him senseless with his fist.

The man was very drunk and refused to tell his name when he was turned over to the authorities.

On Long Trip—Capt. Rynning arrived in the city yesterday on the first lap of the 1200 mile ride he has embarked upon in the territory. He will probably leave the city today for Benson.

FRAUDS IN ALASKA

Nome People Threaten Officials With Violence

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 5.—Advices received in this city from Nome by the steamship Ohio state that the people of Nome are up in arms against the government officials and their alleged actions in filling upon valuable mining claims.

The Nome Nugget, in a long article, accuses the officials of using illegal methods and taking advantage of their position to possess themselves of many valuable claims, which are obtained by relocating. The Nugget prints comparative tables showing the number of claims held by government officials and their relatives or assistants, and also the number held by the leading mining and business men of Nome and vicinity.

Officers of the Ohio report that the people are greatly excited over the matter, and are talking of taking drastic measures if the authorities at Washington do not investigate the matter.

Money and Metals.

New York, Aug. 5.—Money on call nominally steady, no loans; prime mercantile paper, 4 to 4 1/2; silver, 59 1/8.

Lead and copper, quiet; unchanged.

ROBBERS MAKE A BIG HAUL

INNOCENT PERSONS INJURED BY CHICAGO POLICE WHO ARE CHASING THIEVES.

Chicago, Aug. 5.—Four policemen last night sent a fusillade of shots after two robbers who had stolen goods, valued at \$2,500, from a baggage car, which was standing in the yards at West Sixteenth street.

The thieves escaped in a buggy with their booty, but three innocent persons were seriously wounded by stray shots from the police.

Youthful Thieves.
New York, Aug. 5.—Two boys, in knickerbockers, aged 12 and 14 years, attempted yesterday to loot a house in West Eighty-fourth street.

They forced an entrance into the house, but were seen by passersby, who informed the police. The boys were arrested as they were leaving the house with the loot, valued at \$1,000. Both belong to families who are comfortably well off.